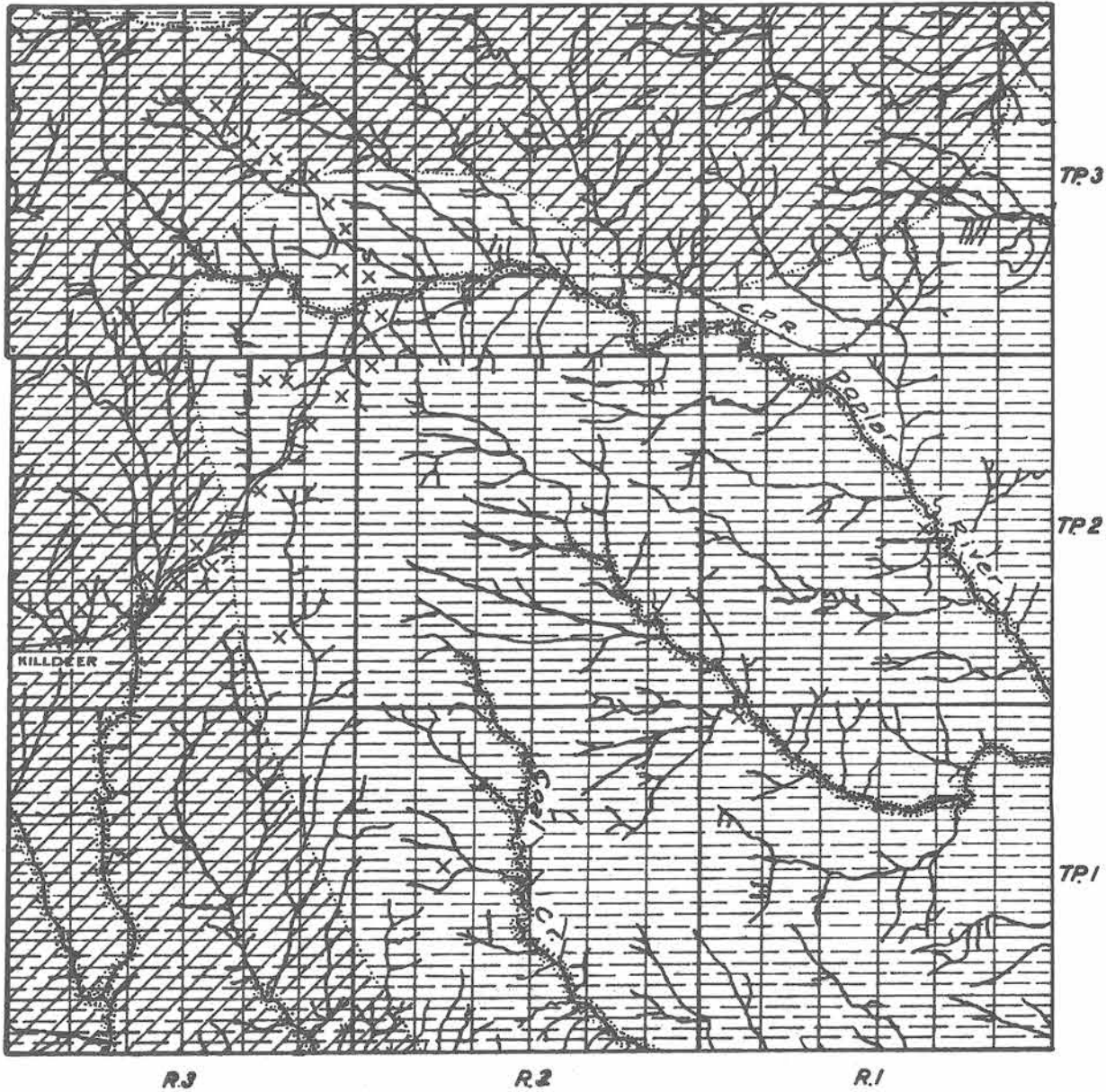


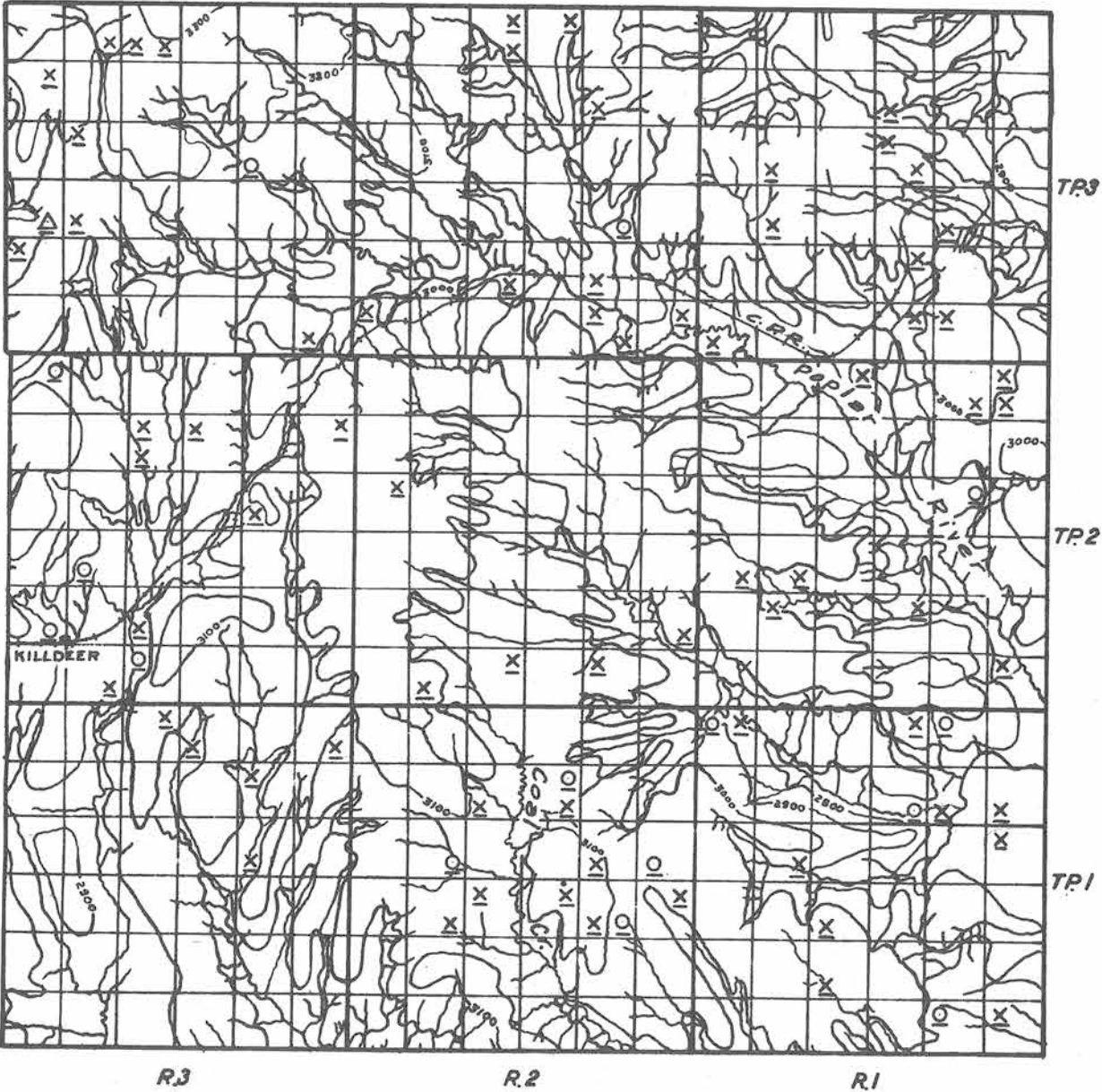
RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF.....NO-13, SASKATCHEWAN

FIGURE 1



Map showing the surface and bedrock geology
as it affects the supply of ground water, and
areas in which the ground water occurs

FIGURE 2



Map showing the drainage and relief,
and the location and types of wells
with source of ground water supply

0 3 6 9 12 15 18
Scale of miles

- Recent stream deposits in which occur small supplies of water within 15 feet of the surface
- Glacial sands and gravels (glacial outwash) too thin in this area to contain supplies of ground water
- Area of glacial drift (boulder clay or till) too thin in this area to contain supplies of water
- Area of Ravenscrag formation in which ample supplies of ground water occur generally within 50 feet of the surface and occasionally within a maximum depth of 218 feet
- Geological outcrops

- Well class 1
In drift In bedrock
- Flowing wells (These are usually designated as Flowing Artesian wells)
- Well class 2
In drift In bedrock
- Wells in which the water is under pressure but does not rise to the surface (These are usually designated as Non-flowing Artesian wells)
- Well class 3
In drift In bedrock
- Wells in which the water does not rise above the water table (These are usually designated as Non-Artesian wells)
- Dry holes
In drift In bedrock
- Contours (interval 100 feet)