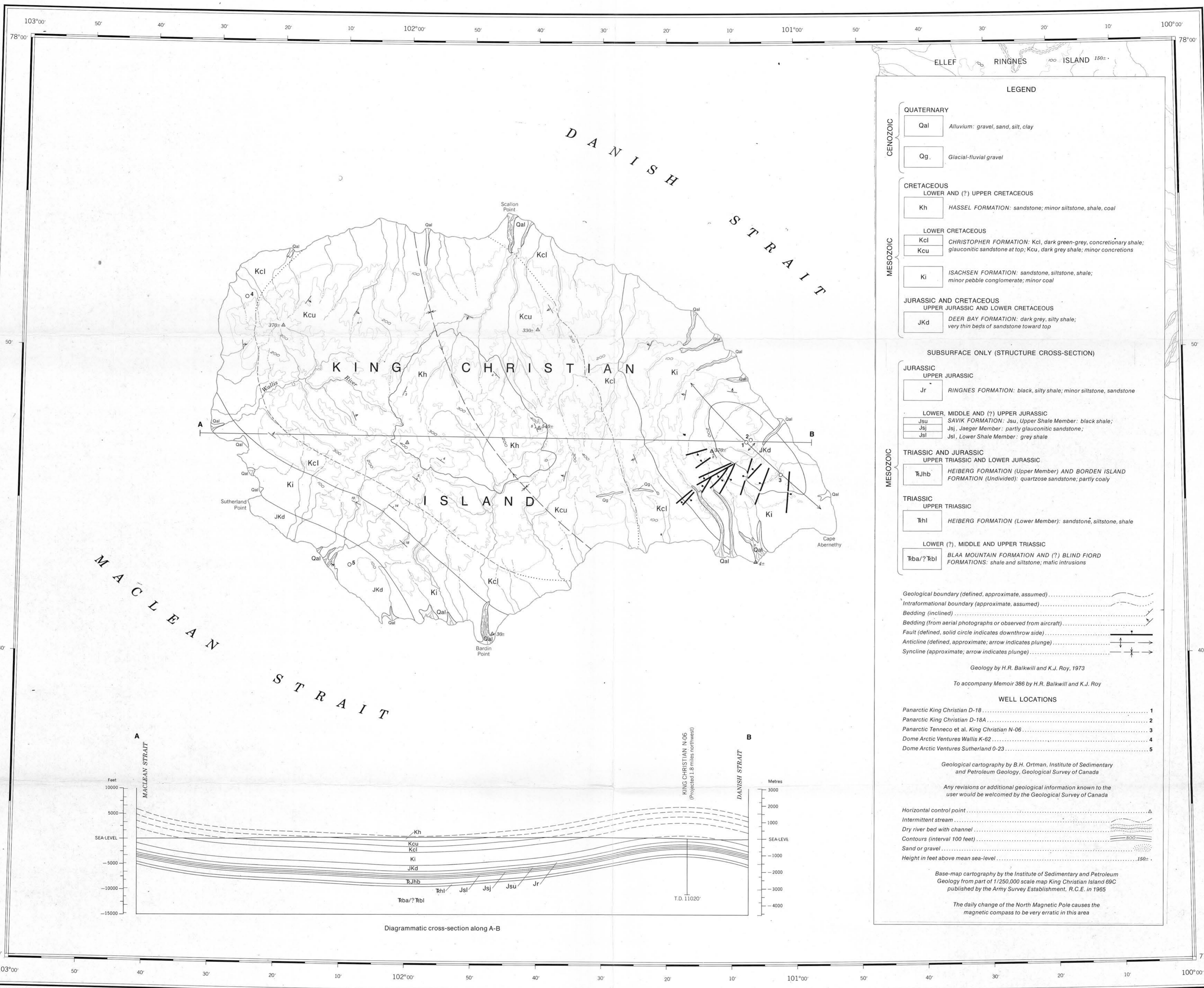


OF 400
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LEGEND

GENOZOIC	QUATERNARY		
	Qal	Alluvium: gravel, sand, silt, clay	
	Qg	Glacial-fluvial gravel	
MESOZOIC	CRETACEOUS		
	LOWER AND (?) UPPER CRETACEOUS	Kh	HASSEL FORMATION: sandstone; minor siltstone, shale, coal
	LOWER CRETACEOUS	Kcl	CHRISTOPHER FORMATION: dark green-grey, concretionary shale; glauconitic sandstone at top; Kcu, dark grey shale; minor concretions
		Kcu	
	Ki	ISACHSEN FORMATION: sandstone, siltstone, shale; minor pebble conglomerate; minor coal	
	JURASSIC AND CRETACEOUS		
	UPPER JURASSIC AND LOWER CRETACEOUS	JKd	DEER BAY FORMATION: dark grey, silty shale; very thin beds of sandstone toward top

SUBSURFACE ONLY (STRUCTURE CROSS-SECTION)

MESOZOIC	JURASSIC		
	UPPER JURASSIC	Jr	RINGNES FORMATION: black, silty shale; minor siltstone, sandstone
	LOWER, MIDDLE AND (?) UPPER JURASSIC		
		Jsu	SAVIK FORMATION: Jsu, Upper Shale Member: black shale;
		Jsj	Jsj, Jaeger Member: partly glauconitic sandstone;
		Jsl	Jsl, Lower Shale Member: grey shale
	TRIASSIC AND JURASSIC		
	UPPER TRIASSIC AND LOWER JURASSIC	Rhb	HEIBERG FORMATION (Upper Member) AND BORDEN ISLAND FORMATION (Undivided): quartzose sandstone; partly coaly
	TRIASSIC		
	UPPER TRIASSIC	Rhl	HEIBERG FORMATION (Lower Member): sandstone, siltstone, shale
	LOWER (?) MIDDLE AND UPPER TRIASSIC	Rba/? Rbl	BLAA MOUNTAIN FORMATION AND (?) BLIND FIORD FORMATIONS: shale and siltstone; mafic intrusions

Geological boundary (defined, approximate, assumed)
 Intraformational boundary (approximate, assumed)
 Bedding (inclined)
 Bedding (from aerial photographs or observed from aircraft)
 Fault (defined, solid circle indicates downthrow side)
 Anticline (defined, approximate; arrow indicates plunge)
 Syncline (approximate; arrow indicates plunge)

Geology by H.R. Balkwill and K.J. Roy, 1973
 To accompany Memoir 386 by H.R. Balkwill and K.J. Roy

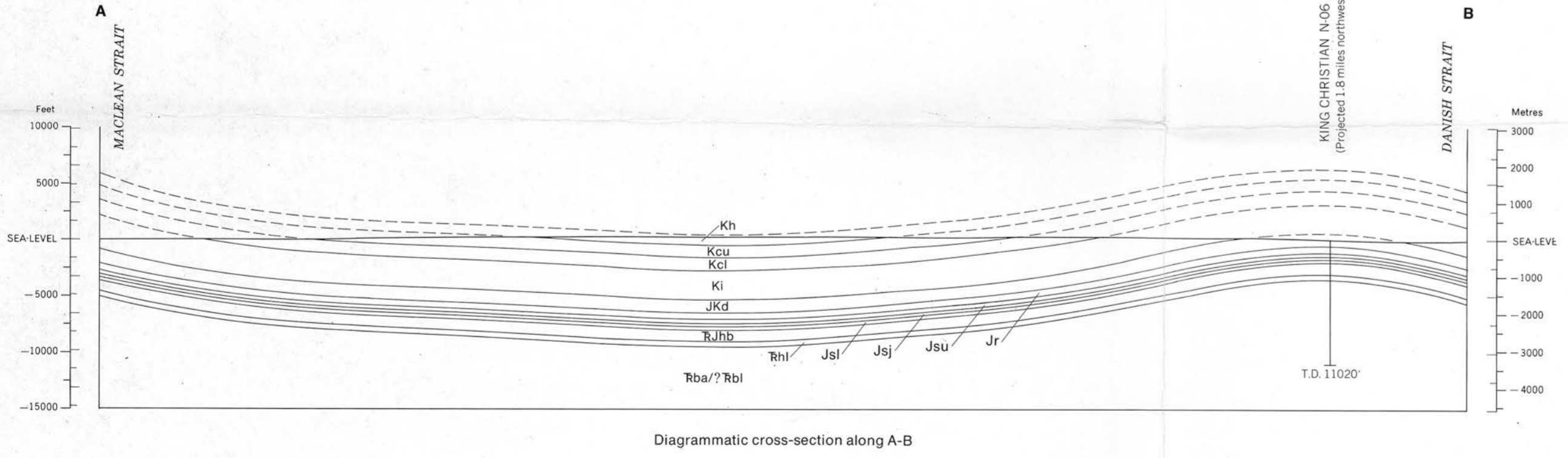
WELL LOCATIONS

Panarctic King Christian D-18	1
Panarctic King Christian D-18A	2
Panarctic Tenneco et al. King Christian N-06	3
Dome Arctic Ventures Wallis K-62	4
Dome Arctic Ventures Sutherland 0-23	5

Geological cartography by B.H. Ortman, Institute of Sedimentary and Petroleum Geology, Geological Survey of Canada
 Any revisions or additional geological information known to the user would be welcomed by the Geological Survey of Canada

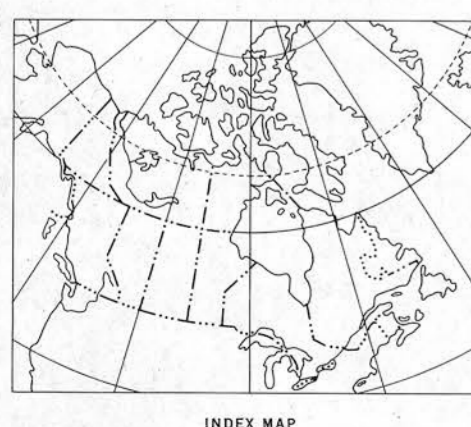
Horizontal control point
 Intermittent stream
 Dry river bed with channel
 Contours (interval 100 feet)
 Sand or gravel
 Height in feet above mean sea-level 150'

Base-map cartography by the Institute of Sedimentary and Petroleum Geology from part of 1/250,000 scale map King Christian Island 69C published by the Army Survey Establishment, R.C.E. in 1965
 The daily change of the North Magnetic Pole causes the magnetic compass to be very erratic in this area



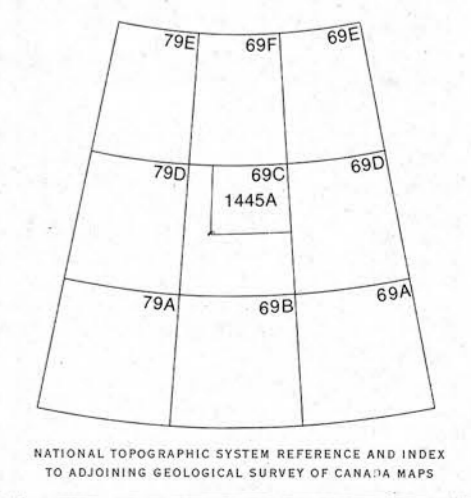
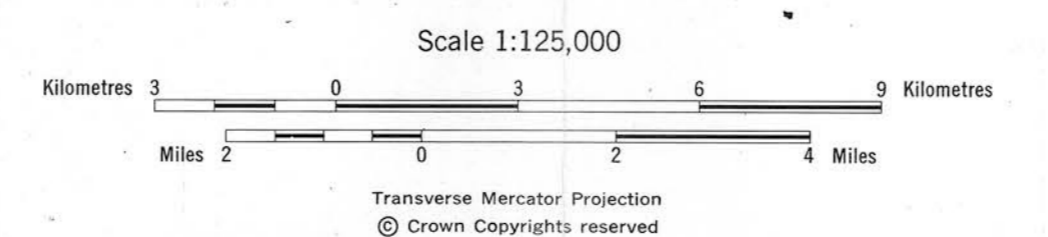
Diagrammatic cross-section along A-B

Copies of this map may be obtained from the Geological Survey of Canada, 601 Booth Street, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0E8, 3303 - 33rd Street N.W., Calgary, Alberta T2L 2A7



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MAP 1445A
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